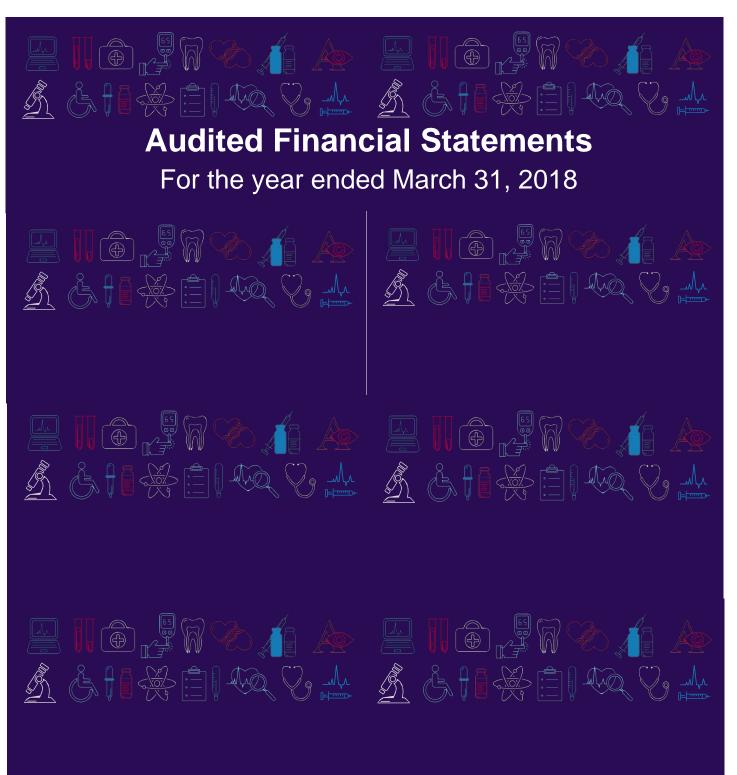
Kingston Health Sciences Centre

Centre des sciences de la santé de Kingston

Hôpital Hotel Dieu Hospital

Hôpital Gén Kingston Ge Hospital



Transforming care, together™



KPMG LLP 863 Princess Street, Suite 400 Kingston ON K7L 5N4 Canada Telephone 613-549-1550 Fax 613-549-6349

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Kingston Health Sciences Centre

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Kingston Health Sciences Centre, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018, the consolidated statements of revenues and expenses, changes in net assets, cash flows and remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Kingston Health Sciences Centre as at March 31, 2018, and its consolidated results of operations, consolidated changes in net assets, consolidated cash flows and its consolidated remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Kingston, Canada

June 11, 2018

KINGSTON HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Financial Position

as at March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	67,865	68,495
Restricted cash	94,175	54,661
Accounts receivable	16,458	16,379
Due from Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care,	,	
South East Local Health Integration Network and Cancer Care Ontario	6,063	7,155
Inventories	7,167	6,721
Other current assets	6,999	7,224
	198,727	160,635
Other investments (note 4)	1,199	14,849
Investments in joint ventures (note 5)	3,512	3,512
Capital assets, net (note 6)	271,959	279,092
	475,397	458,088
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	55,034	43,982
Accrued compensation	36,923	33,285
Note payable - KGH Auxiliary (note 16(c))	550	475
Agency obligations (note 8)	3,387	3,606
Current portion of long-term debt (note 9)	1,423	1,813
;,,,,,,,,,	97,317	83,161
Long-term debt (note 9)	6,929	8,336
Employee future benefits (note 10)	33,978	32,595
Interest rate swaps (note 9)	162	395
Deferred contributions (notes 11, 12 and 13)	246,095	261,777
Net assets	,	,
Invested in capital assets (note 7)	27,025	23,179
Internally restricted	23,000	-
Unrestricted	40,974	48,935
	90,999	72,114
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	(83)	(290)
×	90,916	71,824
Commitments (note 14) Contingencies (notes 17 and 18)		
	475,397	458,088
	+10,001	

See accompanying notes.

On behalf of the board:

Car

Tool

Member

Member

KINGSTON HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Revenues and Expenses

for the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	2018	2017
	\$	9
Revenues		
Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, South East Local Health Integration Network	and	
Cancer Care Ontario	441,927	422,638
Other patient services	34,397	34,098
Clinical education, other votes and programs	67,751	63,259
Ancillary services	4,853	4,465
Recoveries and other	20,613	19,885
Research (note 3)	-	4,370
Amortization of deferred capital contributions-major equipment	6,392	6,922
Total revenues	575,933	555,637
Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	395,619	381,669
Patient care supplies and services	83,309	76,103
Utilities	6,809	6,850
General	55,385	54,490
Research (note 3)	-	6,231
Amortization of major equipment	14,124	14,460
Total expenses	555,246	539,803
Surplus of revenues over expenses before building amortization	20,687	15,834
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - building and land improvements	18,664	18,333
Amortization of building and land improvements	(20,466)	(20,229
Surplus of revenues over expenses	18,885	13,938

KINGSTON HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE Statement of Changes in Net Assets

for the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	Unrestricted	Internally Restricted	Invested in Capital Assets	Total 2018 \$	2017 \$
Balance, beginning of year (note 22)	48,935	-	23,179	72,114	58,176
Surplus of revenues over expenses (notes 7 and 22)	28,419		(9,534)	18,885	13,938
Appropriated for capital projects	(23,000)	23,000		-	-
Net change in investment in capital assets (note 7)	(13,380)		13,380	-	-
Balance, end of year	40,974	23,000	27,025	90,999	72,114

KINGSTON HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Operating activities		
Surplus of revenues over expenses	18,885	13,938
Add (deduct) non-cash items		
Amortization of capital assets	34,590	34,689
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(25,056)	(25,255)
Change in fair value of other investments	(26)	(104)
(Gain) on disposition of capital assets	(7)	-
Change in non-cash working capital balances (note 15)	15,263	(965)
Increase in employee future benefits	1,382	1,185
Decrease in deferred contributions	(5,566)	(878)
	39,465	22,610
Capital activities		
Purchase of capital assets, net	(27,450)	(23,949)
Receipt of deferred capital contributions	14,942	21,145
	(12,508)	(2,804)
Financing activities		
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,797)	(1,953)
Note payable - KGH Auxiliary	75	75
	(1,722)	(1,878)
nvesting activities		
Procceeds (purchase) of investments, net	13,649	(44)
Increase in investments in joint ventures		(443)
	13,649	(487)
ncrease in cash during the year	38,884	17,441
Cash, beginning of year	123,156	105,715
	162,040	123,156
Cash, end of year	102,040	123,130
Cash, end of year is represented by:		
Cash	67,865	68,495
Restricted cash	94,175	54,661
	51,175	, - • ·
	162.040	123,156

_

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

1. Nature of Operations

Kingston Health Sciences Centre (the Hospital) is a new legal entity that represents the integration of the operations of Kingston General Hospital (KGH) and Hotel Dieu Hospital (HDH) effective April 1, 2017.

Respectful of the history and legacies of each hospital site, the Hospital provides compassionate, patient and family-centred care by partnering with patients, embracing education and supporting research. KHSC serves a catchment of almost 500,000 people through the two hospital sites and several regional affiliated and community locations.

The Hospital is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and accordingly is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met.

The integration has been accounted for using the continuity of interest method. Under the continuity of interest method, the carrying value of assets and liabilities of each of the predecessor entities, transferring to the new entity, have been carried forward at their book values and the financial statements are presented as if HDH and KGH had been combined since their inception. Please refer to note 22 for further details on the accounting for the integration.

The financial statements and accompanying notes to the statements reflect the operations of the new integrated entity.

2. Adoption of New Accounting Policies

The Hospital adopted Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures, PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions, PS 3320 Contingent Assets, and PS 22080 Contractual Rights effective April 1, 2017. The adoption of these standards did not result in any adjustments to the financial statements as at April 1, 2017.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations. The more significant accounting policies are summarized as follows:

Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, Cancer Care Ontario and South East Local Health Integration Network Funding

Kingston Health Sciences Centre is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario. These financial statements reflect agreed funding arrangements approved by the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, Cancer Care Ontario and the South East Local Health Integration Network with respect to the year ended March 31, 2018.

Revenue Recognition

Kingston Health Sciences Centre follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions received for capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue over the same term and on the same basis as the related capital assets.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

Realized and unrealized investment income is recorded in deferred contributions to the extent there are external restrictions on the related investments. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned on the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period. Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate.

Revenue from all other sources is recognized when goods are sold or the service is provided.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are reported at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Management has elected to record all investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis.

Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses and any unrealized gain is adjusted through the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses.

When the asset is sold, the unrealized gains and losses previously recognized in the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses are reversed and recognized in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

Long-term debt is recorded at cost. Interest rate swaps are recorded at fair value.

The Public Sector Accounting Standards require an organization to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy, which includes three levels of information that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at original cost. The original cost does not reflect replacement cost or market value upon liquidation. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Assets acquired under capital leases are amortized over the estimated life of the assets or over the lease term, as appropriate. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

Betterments, which extend the estimated life of an asset, are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Hospital's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates:

Land improvements	4% - 10%
Buildings and building service equipment	2% - 15%
Major equipment	5% - 33%

Costs of work in process are capitalized. Amortization is not recognized until project completion.

Contributed Services

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of average cost and net realizable value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of certain revenues and expenses during the year. Amounts subject to estimates include post-retirement benefit obligations, and the carrying value of capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments in Joint Ventures

The Hospital accounts for its investments in joint ventures using the equity method of accounting whereby the investments are carried at cost and adjusted for any contributions or withdrawals. Its share of the net earnings or losses of the joint ventures are reported in the Hospital's Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

Employee Benefit Plans

(a) Multi-Employer Pension Plan

Kingston Health Sciences Centre participates in a defined benefit multi-employer pension plan. The plan is accounted for on a defined contribution plan basis as contributions to the benefit plan are determined by the plan administrator and are expensed when due. The most recent regulatory funding valuation of this multi-employer pension plan conducted as at December 31, 2017 disclosed actuarial assets of \$72,803 million with accrued pension liabilities of \$59,602 million, resulting in a surplus of \$13,201 million. This filing valuation also confirmed that the plan was fully funded on a solvency basis as at December 31, 2017 based on the assumptions and methods adopted for the valuation.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

(b) Accrued Post-Employment Benefits

Kingston Health Sciences Centre accrues its obligations for employee benefit plans. The cost of nonpension post-retirement and post-employment benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees and expected health care costs. The last actuarial valuation of the benefit plans for funding purposes was as of April 1, 2018.

Actuarial gains (losses) arise from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees.

The average remaining service period to retirement of employees covered by the employee benefit plan is 13-18 years (2017 – 13-18 years).

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

Principles of Consolidation

The reporting for 2017 includes the accounts of the Kingston General Hospital Research Institute which was controlled by Kingston General Hospital.

The Kingston General Hospital Research Institute changed its name to the Kingston General Health Research Institute (KGHRI) effective April 1, 2017. As a result of a change of control, the KGHRI is no longer consolidated in the Hospital's financial statements. The net impact of this change is \$ nil.

4. Other Investments

	Level	2018 \$	2017 \$
Equity shares (cost \$Nil)	2	107	105
Fixed income investments, measured at fair value	2	-	13,226
Corporate bonds (cost \$1,120; 2017 - \$1,528)	2	1,092	1,518
		1,199	14,849

Fixed income investments are comprised of Government of Canada bonds and guaranteed investment certificates. Corporate bonds earn interest at rates of 2.58% to 4.25% (2017 – 2.24% to 4.25%).

5. Investments in Joint Ventures

(a) Investment in Queen's University and Kingston Health Sciences Centre Parking Commission

Kingston Health Sciences Centre has a long-term agreement, as equal partner with Queen's University at Kingston, for the operations of the Queen's University and Kingston Health Sciences Centre Parking Commission (the "Commission"). The principal business activities include the operation of an underground parking garage. Kingston Health Sciences Centre's share of the Commissions' excess of revenue over expense for 2018 amounts to \$582 (2017: \$439) and has been included in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

(b) Investment in Queen's University and Kingston Health Sciences Centre Cogeneration Facility

Kingston Health Sciences Centre participates in a joint venture with Queen's University at Kingston for the operation of a cogeneration facility governed by a Management Board consisting of representatives of Queen's University at Kingston and the Hospital. The purpose of the facility is to produce electricity and steam. The Hospital's net capital investment in the joint venture is \$3,512 (2017: \$3,512). Kingston Health Sciences Centre's proportionate share of the joint venture is 40% and Queen's University at Kingston's proportionate share is 60%. Kingston Health Sciences Centre's share of the facility's excess of revenue over expense is (\$340) (2017: (\$262)) and has been included in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of the following:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Land & land improvements	1,640	1,640
Buildings & building service equipment	435,956	424,563
Major equipment	267,399	259,232
Work in process	22,801	14,909
	727,796	700,344
Less accumulated amortization		
Land & land improvements	892	880
Buildings & building service equipment	228,615	208,162
Major equipment	226,330	212,210
	455,837	421,252
Net capital assets	271,959	279,092

7. Invested in Capital Assets

Net assets invested in capital assets are calculated as follows:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Balance, end of the year Amounts financed by:	271,959	279,092
Deferred contributions Long-term debt	(236,582) (8,352) 27,025	(245,764) (10,149) 23,179

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

The change in net assets invested in capital assets is as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Excess of expenses over revenues		
Amortization of deferred contributions		
related to capital assets	25,056	25,255
Amortization of capital assets	(34,590)	(34,689)
•	(9,534)	(9,434)
	2018	2017 د
	Φ	φ
Purchase of capital assets	27,476	23,949
Amounts funded by:		
Deferred contributions	(15,893)	(20,121)
Repayment of long-term debt	1,797	1,953

8. Agency Obligations

Kingston Health Sciences Centre acts as an agent, which holds resources and makes disbursements on behalf of various unrelated individuals and groups. The Hospital has no discretion over such agency transactions. Resources received in connection with such agency transactions are reported as liabilities not revenue and subsequent distributions are reported as decreases to this liability.

9. Long-Term Debt

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Bank term loan with interest at 2.85%, payable in monthly installments of \$10 on account of principal and interest, due September 2020	285	394
Bank term loan with interest at 2.85%, payable in monthly installments of \$47 on account of principal and interest, due September 2020	1,364	1,882
Bank term loan with interest at 1.98%, payable in monthly installments of \$19 on account of principal and interest, due May 2018 (d)	1,943	2,117
Bank term loan with interest at 1.99%, payable in monthly Installments of \$4 on account of principal and interest, due March 2018	-	443

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

Bank term loan with floating interest, payable in monthly installments of \$64 on account of principal and interest, due February 2022 (a)	4,760	5,313
	8,352	10,149
Less current portion of long term debt	(1,423)	(1,813)
	6,929	8,336

The Hospital has entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage the volatility of interest rates. The maturity dates of the interest rate swaps are the same as the maturity dates of the associated long-term debt.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps at March 31, 2018 is (\$162) (2017 - (\$395)) which is recorded on the Statement of Financial Position. The current year impact of the change in fair value of the interest rate swaps is \$233 on the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps has been determined using Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of interest rate swaps is based on broker quotes. Those quotes are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market interest rates for a similar instrument at the measurement date.

- (a) The outstanding loan amount is subject to an interest rate swap agreement on an original notional principal of \$7,800 with the banker whereby the Hospital receives a floating interest rate while paying a fixed rate of 4.14%.
- (b) The principal repayments due on long term debt for each of the five years subsequent to March 31, 2018 and thereafter are as follows: 2019 - \$1,423; 2020 - \$1,454; 2021 - \$1,161; 2022 - \$855; 2023 - \$889; and thereafter - \$2,570.
- (c) Interest on long-term debt in the amount of \$306 (2017: \$367) is included in general expense in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.
- (d) The bank term loan has been refinanced with an effective date of June 1, 2018. The loan is payable in monthly installments of \$20 on account of principal and interest and is due June 2027. It is subject to a notional principal of \$1,894 with the banker whereby the Hospital receives a floating interest rate swap while paying a fixed rate of 3.4%.

10. Post-Employment Benefits

Pension Plan

Substantially all of the employees of Kingston Health Sciences Centre are members of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan. Contributions to the plan made during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amounted to \$22,605 (2017: \$21,189) and is included in salaries and benefits on the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

Non-Pension Plans

Kingston Health Sciences Centre's post-employment benefit plans are comprised of medical, dental and life insurance coverage. The measurement date used to determine the accrued benefit obligation is March 31, 2018. The most recent actuarial valuation of the non-pension post-employment benefits plans for funding purposes was as of April 1, 2018.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

Information about the non-pension post-employment benefit plans is as follows:

	2018	2017	
	\$	\$	
Accrued benefit obligation	35,682	33,216	
Unamortized actuarial (losses) gains	(907)	224	
Accrued compensation	(797)	(845)	
Employee future benefits	33,978	32,595	

The expense for the year related to these plans is \$3,244 (2017: \$2,901) and employer contributions for these plans is \$1,909 (2017: \$1,763).

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the accrued benefit obligation and the expense for the post-employment benefit plans is as follows:

- Discount rate for calculation of net benefit costs of 3.20% -3.56% (2017 3.25% to 3.76%).
- Discount rate to determine accrued benefit obligation for disclosure at end of period 3.2% (2017 3.2% to 3.56%).
- Dental and extended health costs in 2018 are based on actual rates. Dental cost increases are assumed to be 2.75% per annum thereafter. Extended health care costs are assumed to be 6% in 2018 decreasing by .25% per annum to an ultimate rate of 4.5% per annum.

11. Deferred Contributions Related to Operations

Deferred contributions related to operations represent grants provided for specific operating purposes that have not yet been actualized. These grants have not been taken into revenue.

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Balance, beginning of year	6,115	6,695
Additional contributions received	1,493	2,054)
Less amounts recognized to revenue	(1,120)	(2,634)
	6,488	6,115

12. Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of donations and grants received for the purchase of capital assets.

Externally restricted contributions and investment income related to special capital funding are included in deferred contributions related to capital assets.

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Balance, beginning of year	249,615	253,725
Additional contributions received	14,942	21,145
Less amounts amortized to revenue	(25,056)	(25,255)
	239,501	249,615

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

The balance of unamortized capital contributions related to capital assets consists of the following:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Unamortized capital contributions used to purchase assets	236,582	245,743
Unspent contributions	2,919	3,872
	239,501	249,615

13. Deferred Contributions Related to Externally Restricted Funds

Deferred contributions related to externally restricted funds represent grants, donations and other revenue provided for specific restricted purposes that have not yet been actualized. These grants, donations and other revenues have not been taken into revenue.

	2018	2017 \$	
	\$		
Balance, beginning of year	6,047	6,346	
Additional contributions received	261	3,186	
Less amounts amortized to revenue	(195)	(3,485)	
Less transfer to KGHRI	(6,007)	-	
	106	6,047	

14. Commitments

Cost to complete construction in progress and major equipment purchase

The estimated commitment to complete work in progress and major equipment purchases at March 31, 2018 is approximately \$10,960 (2017: \$12,941).

Lease Commitments

Kingston Health Sciences Centre is committed under certain operating lease agreements to minimum lease payments as follows:

	2018 \$
Year ending March 31,	·
2019	2,341
2020	1,751
2021	906
2022	612
2023	310
Total minimum lease payments	5,920

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

15. Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances Related to Operations

Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations consists of the following:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Accounts receivable	(79)	(6,489)
Due from Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, South East	(-)	(-,,
Local Health Integration Network and Cancer Care Ontario	1,092	3,126
Inventories	(446)	(31)
Other current assets	22 5	1,333
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11,052	(901)
Accrued compensation	3,638	Ì,95Ó
Agency obligations	(219)	47
Net increase (decrease)	15,263	(965)

16. Related Entities

This section addresses disclosure requirements regarding the hospital's relationships with related entities.

(a) University Hospitals Kingston Foundation

Kingston Health Sciences Centre has an economic interest in the University Hospitals Kingston Foundation (UHKF). The primary purpose of UHKF is to act as a single fundraiser for Kingston Health Sciences Centre and Providence Care Centre (together, the "Kingston Hospitals") in order to maximize fundraising revenues and program efficiency to raise funds by way of public appeal for the benefit of the Kingston Hospitals. As outlined in the Operating Agreement between the Kingston Hospitals and UHKF, the Board of Directors of UHKF will determine the amount of unrestricted funds that are available for distribution to the Kingston Hospitals, and will determine in collaboration with the Chief Executive Officers of the Kingston Hospitals or their designates how these funds will be distributed among the Kingston Hospitals.

During the year, University Hospitals Kingston Foundation provided Kingston Health Sciences Centre \$3,422 (2017: \$7,438) to fund capital redevelopment, equipment purchases, research and special program costs.

(b) Volunteer Services to Hotel Dieu Hospital, Kingston Inc. ("Volunteer Services").

Kingston Health Sciences Centre has an economic interest in Volunteer Services to Hotel Dieu, Kingston Inc. Volunteer Services' mission is to support the Hospital by donating time and talents to enhance the lives of those in need. All donations from Volunteer Services are directed to the Hospital through the University Hospitals Kingston Foundation.

(c) Kingston General Hospital Auxiliary

Kingston Health Sciences Centre has an economic interest in Kingston General Hospital Auxiliary. Kingston General Hospital Auxiliary promotes and extends the interests of the Kingston health Sciences Centre throughout the city and surrounding counties. It provides volunteer auxiliary services as requested by Kingston Health Sciences Centre administration through liaison with the Director of Volunteers and the President of the organization.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

Kingston General Hospital Auxiliary also raises funds for the Kingston General Hospital site to be allocated to special gifts in a manner satisfactory to the administration of Kingston Health Sciences Centre and in harmony with the planning of the community.

During the year, Kingston General Hospital Auxiliary granted \$390 (2017: \$429) to the Hospital to fund equipment purchases and special program costs. Kingston Health Sciences Centre issued a note payable to Kingston General Hospital Auxiliary for \$550 (2017: \$475) which is payable on demand.

(d) Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated

Kingston Health Sciences Centre has significant influence in Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Incorporated (KRHL). KRHL, a Corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, provides laundry services, linen replacement, uniforms, dry cleaning and other related laundry services to hospitals in the Southeast region. During the year, Kingston Health Sciences Centre paid \$2,314 (2017: \$2,460) to KHRL. These costs are included in general expenses on the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

(e) Shared Support Services South Eastern Ontario

The Hospital is a member of Shared Support Services South Eastern Ontario ("3SO"), a non-profit corporation. 3SO manages the services and provides procurement oversight on the part of the seven member hospitals of the South East Local Health Integration Network. Each of the member hospitals is a voting member of 3SO. Therefore, the Hospital has an economic interest, but not control, over 3SO.

The assets, liabilities, net assets and results of operation of the 3SO are not included in the consolidated financial statements. During the year, the Hospital paid \$3,036 (2017: \$2,989) to 3SO for governance/operating costs. These costs are included in general expenses on the Statement of Revenues and Expenses.

The Hospital has provided a limited guarantee to a maximum of 59.75% of a \$1,000 line of credit secured by 3SO, representing the Hospital's proportionate share of \$598. As at March 31, 2018, 3SO has drawn \$nil (2017: \$nil) on this line of credit, of which \$nil (2017: \$nil) is guaranteed by the Hospital.

(f) Hotel Dieu Hospital Kingston Research Institute (HDHkRI) and Kingston General Health Research Institute (KGHRI)

The Hospital carries on its research mission through HDHkRI and KGHRI, both federally incorporated notfor-profit corporations. Funding for the research institutes is provided by a variety of external sources including Governments, charitable organizations, private industry and the Hospital. As a result of having representation on the Board of Directors of the research institutes, the Hospital exercises significant influence, but no control over these institutes. During the year, the Hospital provided \$528 (2017 - \$572) of funding for research administrative support.

(g) Religious Hospitallers of Saint Joseph of the Hotel Dieu of Kingston

The Religious Hospitallers of Saint Joseph of the Hotel Dieu of Kingston ("RHSJ") is a registered charity and is incorporated under the Corporations Act of Ontario. RHSJ leases certain building assets at no charge for KHSC to operate health services activity.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

17. Liability Insurance

On July 1, 1987, a group of health care organizations formed the Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC"). HIROC is registered as a Reciprocal pursuant to provincial Insurance Acts which permit persons to exchange with other persons reciprocal contracts of indemnity insurance. Subscribers pay annual premiums that are actuarially determined. Subscribers are subject to assessment for losses, if any, experienced by the pool for the years in which they were a subscriber. No assessments have been made to March 31, 2018.

Since its inception in 1987 HIROC has accumulated an unappropriated surplus, which is the total of premiums paid by all subscribers plus investment income less the obligation for claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses. Each subscriber which has an excess of premium plus investment income over the obligation for their allocation of claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses may be entitled to receive distributions of their share of the unappropriated surplus at the time such distributions are declared by the Board of Directors of HIROC. There is no distributions receivable from HIROC as of March 31, 2018.

18. Contingencies

Kingston Health Sciences Centre activities are such that there are usually claims pending or in progress at any time. With respect to claims at March 31, 2018, management believes that reasonable provisions have been made in the accounts.

19. Clinical Education Program

During the year, the Hospital's Clinical Education Program incurred expenses of \$37,630 (2017: \$36,755) and received \$38,309 (2016: \$35,872) in funding from the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care. Under the terms of the arrangement, the surplus (deficit) of this funding of \$679 (2017: (\$883)) will be returned to (paid by) the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, and, as such, a payable (receivable) of \$679 (2017: (\$883)) has been recorded as at March 31, 2018.

20. Financial Risks and Concentration of Credit Risk

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Hospital is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable, and other investments.

The Hospital assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Hospital at March 31, 2018 is the carrying value of these assets.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable is valued with consideration for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount of any related impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses. Subsequent recoveries of impairment losses related to accounts receivable are credited to the Statement of Revenues and Expenses. The balance of the allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2018 is \$1,107 (2017: \$1,013).

As at March 31, 2018, \$1,063 (2017: \$913) of accounts receivable were past due, but not impaired.

The Hospital follows an investment policy approved by the Board of Directors. The maximum exposure to credit risk on the Hospital's other investments at March 31, 2018 is the carrying value of these assets.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

There have been no significant changes to the credit risk exposure from 2017.

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Hospital manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Hospital prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 30 days of receipt of an invoice.

The contractual maturities of long-term debt, and interest rate swaps are disclosed in Note 8.

There have been no significant changes to the liquidity risk exposure from 2017.

(c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates or interest rates will affect the Hospital's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing return on investment.

• Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows or a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

As at March 31, 2018, had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, the estimated impact on the market value of bonds would approximate (\$11) and \$11 respectively.

The Hospital mitigates interest rate risk on certain of its term debt through derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps) that exchange the variable rate inherent in the term debt for a fixed rate (see Note 8). Therefore, fluctuations in market interest rates would not impact future cash flows and operations relating to the term debt.

The Hospital's investments are disclosed in Note 3.

There has been no change to the interest rate risk exposure from 2017.

21. Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in 2018.

For the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

22. Accounting Impact on the Integration of KGH and HDH

(a) Net Assets

The following table summarizes the impact to the Hospital's net assets as of April 1, 2017 as a result of the integration of KGH and HDH as described in Note 1:

	KGH \$	HDH \$	Total \$
As previously reported in the financial statements at March 31, 2016	63,262	10,134	73,396
Accounting impact of building assets and deferred capital contributions that did not transfer to Kingston Health Sciences Centre	-	(15,220)	(15,220)
Restated, April 1, 2017	63,262	(5,086)	58,176

(b) Statement of Revenue and Expenses:

As a result of the integration of KGH and HDH as described in Note 1, the Hospital recorded the following adjustments to the surplus (deficit) of revenue over expenses for the year-ended March 31, 2017:

	KGH \$	HDH \$	Total \$
Surplus (deficit) previously reported in the financial statements at	40.554		40.000
March 31, 2017	13,554	(565)	12,989
Net amortization of building assets and deferred capital contributions			
not transferred to Kingston Health Sciences Centre	-	949	949
Restated surplus at March 31, 2017	13,554	384	13,938

KINGSTON HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

for the year ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Accumulated remeasurement gains,		
beginning of the year	(290)	(398)
	(290)	(398)
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to		
Other investments		
Designated fair value	(26)	(104)
Interest rate swaps	233	212
Net remeasurement gains for the year	207	108
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of the year	(83)	(290)