



Mild: FEV1 $\geq 80\%$ predicted	Consider referring to a respirologist if not responding to treatment as outlined below
Moderate: FEV1 50-80% predicted	Consider referring to a respirologist if symptomatic or FEV1 $<70\%$, document GOC discussion
Severe: FEV1 30-49% predicted	Patient should be seen by a respirologist, document GOC discussion
Very Severe: FEV1 $<30\%$	Patient should be seen by a respirologist, document GOC discussion

Assessing symptoms – Consider:
[COPD Assessment Test \(CAT\)](#)
[MRC grade](#)

Refer your patient:
[Pulmonary Function Laboratory](#)
[at KHSC – HDH site](#)

Initiating treatment for COPD

Preventative measures for all COPD patients

Vaccinations: Pneumococcal vaccine, **yearly** influenza vaccine, **yearly** covid vaccine, Herpes Zoster vaccine

Smoking cessation: Counselling, nicotine replacement (STOP program), Bupropion, Varenicline ([Resources](#))

Advanced care planning: Discuss and document goals of care and wishes in the event of an exacerbation

COPD action plan:

- For increased dyspnea, cough: **prednisone 40mg po daily x 5 days and**
- If fever or green/brown sputum: **add antibiotics** ex: Amox-Clav 875mg BiD x 5-7 days, Levofloxacin 750mg po daily x 5-7 days; Moxifloxacin 400mg po daily x 5-7 days.
- [COPD action plan template](#)

Pharmacological treatment for COPD

Stable COPD management

- 1) *If FEV1 ≥ 80% predicted, few symptoms and no previous AECOPD:*

Prescribe either **LABA (formoterol, salmeterol, indacaterol)** or **LAMA (tiotropium, aclidinium, umeclidinium, glycopyrrolate)**.

- 2) *If FEV1 <80% predicted and stable COPD without exacerbations but patient has significant symptom burden:*

Prescribe both **LABA AND LAMA** or a **combination product with both ingredients**.

If FEV1 <80% predicted and stable COPD without exacerbations but patient has significant symptom burden despite taking LAMA & LABA:

Add inhaled steroid by switching to a LAMA/LABA/ICS combination puffer. In addition to triple inhaled therapy consider **referring to pulmonary rehabilitation**, which can improve symptoms considerably.

If FEV1 < 80% and the patient is taking LAMA/LABA/ICS and has had either 2 AECOPD within the last year or 1 AECOPD that sent them to the ER or to hospital admission:

Add azithromycin 250mg OD (consider risk of hearing impairment and QT prolongation with arrhythmias).

Inhaler examples

LABA examples: Salmeterol Diskus 50mcg 1 puff BiD (LU 391) or Olodaterol 2.5mcg/puff 2 puffs OD or Oxeze Turbuhaler 6mcg inhaled Bid or 12 mcg inhaled BiD or Foradil 12 mcg inhaled BiD.

LAMA examples: Spiriva Respimat 2.5 mcg/puff 2 puffs OD or Aclidinium 400mcg BiD or umeclidinium 62.5 mcg 1 puff OD

Combination LAMA & LABA examples:

Aclidinium 400mcg & Formoterol 12 mcg 1 puff BiD (LU 459) or Olodaterol 2.5 mcg & tiotropium 2.5 mcg 2 puff once daily or umeclidinium 62.5 mcg & vilanterol 25 mcg 1 puff OD (LU 459).

Combination LABA/LAMA/ICS examples:

Trelegy Ellipta (fluticasone 100mcg/umeclidinium 62.5 mcg/vilanterol 25 mcg) 1 puff OD (LU 567) or Breztri Aerosphere (budesonide 160mcg/glycopyrrolate 9mcg/formoterol 4.8 mcg) 2 puffs BiD (LU 638).

Advanced therapies

Home Oxygen Therapy

Mortality benefit in patients with chronic hypoxia

Option 1
Oxygen for maintenance
use ≥ 15 hours/day

(i) $\text{PaO}_2 \leq 55\text{mmHg}$ or
(ii) $\text{PaO}_2 56-59\text{ mmHg}$ but the patient has **pulmonary hypertension** or **raised hematocrit**.

Option 2
Oxygen for exercise capacity
Find [Vendors](#) here

Significant improvement in **exercise tolerance** with the addition of oxygen, in a patient whose **SpO₂** falls to $<85\%$ with exercise.
Often, there is no improvement with added oxygen because dyspnea relates to the respiratory mechanics and not to low oxygen saturation.

Pulmonary Rehabilitation

Patients with **FEV1 < 80%** who are **symptomatic despite inhaler treatment** should be referred to pulmonary rehabilitation.

Teaches breathing techniques, nutrition, self-management, behavioral interventions, psychological support and improves exercise capacity. Find local programs [here](#).

Recent hospitalization for AECOPD?

The patient should be seen **in person** by PCP within **7 days of discharge**

Referral to **pulmonary rehabilitation** should be **considered**
If referred, pulmonary rehabilitation should commence within one month of hospital discharge.

Palliative approaches to care for patients with COPD

It is important to have and document a detailed GOC discussion w/ the patient, including:

- patient wishes in the event of deterioration in respiratory status – medical management + symptom relief vs. symptom relief only
- consideration of hospitalization vs. management in the community
- patient wishes for resuscitative measures including non-invasive ventilation, intubation and ventilation, and CPR (in the event of cardiorespiratory arrest)

Consider low dose oral opioids for refractory dyspnea – e.g. kadian 10 mg PO daily, or morphine 2.5 mg TID-QID

Resources

Spirometry sites in Kingston and surrounding area

Click on the link to find information and referral form

- [Pulmonary Function Laboratory at KHSC – HDH site](#)
- [Kingston Respiratory Services](#)
- [Lennox and Addington County General Hospital \(Outpatient Services\)](#)
- [KCHC Regional Lung Health Program](#)

Smoking Cessation

STOP Programming is available at Kingston Community Health Centres sites, and **accepts self-referrals**. Patients can call the following numbers for programming at each site:

Barrack Site: (613) 549 1440

Weller Site: (613) 542 2949

Midtown Kingston Health Home site: (613) 542 6793

For more information: <https://kchc.ca/programs/smoking-cessation-2/>

Home oxygen vendors

- [InspiAIR](#)
- [VitalAire](#)
- [ProResp](#)
- [Linde](#)
- [Kingston Oxygen Home Healthcare Centre](#)

Pulmonary Rehabilitation

The FLA OHT is funding spots in 2025-2026 for virtual respiratory rehabilitation through Evolve Wellness Studio (referral form attached below).

[LACGH Cardio-Respiratory Rehab](#) (virtual and in person options available)

[Providence Care Respiratory Rehab](#)

Still looking for services? The FLA OHT has created a [Find Services](#) tool to help connect people to local resources.

Referred by: _____

Date: _____

FLA - ONTARIO HEALTH TEAM

COPD INTEGRATED CARE PATHWAY PROGRAM

8 week Virtual Pulmonary Rehab Program

Name: _____

DOB: _____ Phone #: _____

Email: _____

*Address: _____

Respiratory Diagnosis: _____

FEV1: _____ Supplemental O2: Y/N

O2 Titratin Order: >92 88-92 Other: _____

* Referred clients MUST reside in the FLA defined region

Notes:

